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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
10/566,155	01/27/2006	Takeshi Nishida	2006_0088A	1958	
52349 7590 07/23/2009 WENDEROTH, LIND & PONACK L.L.P.			EXAM	EXAMINER	
1030 15th Street, N.W. Suite 400 East Washington, DC 20005-1503			EOM, ROBERT J		
			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
			1797		
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Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

Application No. Applicant(s) 10/566,155 NISHIDA ET AL. Office Action Summary Examiner Art Unit ROBERT EOM 1797 -- The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address --Period for Reply A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS. WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b). Status 1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 31 March 2009. 2a) This action is FINAL. 2b) This action is non-final. 3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213. Disposition of Claims 4) Claim(s) 7-14, 16-22 is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration. 5) Claim(s) 14 is/are allowed. 6) Claim(s) 7-13 and 16-22 is/are rejected. 7) Claim(s) _____ is/are objected to. 8) Claim(s) _____ are subject to restriction and/or election requirement. Application Papers 9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner. 10) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) ☐ accepted or b) ☐ objected to by the Examiner. Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abevance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a). Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d). 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152. Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of: Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. Attachment(s)

1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)

3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTC/G5/08)
Paper No(s)/Mail Date ______

Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)

Interview Summary (PTO-413)
 Paper No(s)/Mail Date.

6) Other:

Notice of Informal Patent Application

Page 2

Application/Control Number: 10/566,155

Art Unit: 1797

DETAILED ACTION

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior at are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- The factual inquiries set forth in *Graham* v. *John Deere Co.*, 383 U.S. 1,
 USPQ 459 (1966), that are applied for establishing a background for determining obviousness under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) are summarized as follows:
 - Determining the scope and contents of the prior art.
 - Ascertaining the differences between the prior art and the claims at issue.
 - 3. Resolving the level of ordinary skill in the pertinent art.
 - Considering objective evidence present in the application indicating obviousness or nonobviousness.
- 3. This application currently names joint inventors. In considering patentability of the claims under 35 U.S.C. 103(a), the examiner presumes that the subject matter of the various claims was commonly owned at the time any inventions covered therein were made absent any evidence to the contrary. Applicant is advised of the obligation under 37 CFR 1.56 to point out the inventor and invention dates of each claim that was not commonly owned at the time a later invention was made in order for the examiner to consider the applicability of 35 U.S.C. 103(c) and potential 35 U.S.C. 102(e), (f) or (g) prior art under 35 U.S.C. 103(a).

Art Unit: 1797

 Claims 7-12, 13, and 16-22 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Petro et al. (US 2003/0080062 A1), in view of Hayashi (USP 5,888,403).

Regarding claims 7-12, 13, and 16-22. Petro discloses a measurement apparatus (Fig. 1) comprising: a solution mixing unit (see: 2nd dimension injector 2300); a separation system comprising an eluent tank (see: mobile phase reservoirs 1100), at least one pump (see: pump 1200), a sample injection unit (see: 1st dimension injector 1300), an acid separation column (see: 1st dimension column 1500); a solution sending system comprising a solution tank (see: solvent reservoir 2100), and at least one pump (see: pump 2200); and an acid degree measurement unit (see: detector 2600). While Petro does not explicitly disclose the solution mixing unit being one comprising a main tube and a side tube, the side tube penetrating the main tube and being disposed such that an aperture end of the side tube extends parallel with the main tube. Havashi teaches a water treatment system comprising a ozone injecting/mixing section (Fig. 6) with an ozone injection tube (32) which penetrates the water portion of the cylinder member (80A) with a vane member (33) parallel to the inner diameter of the water portion of the cylindrical member. It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to use the inline injector in the system of Petro, as taught by Havashi, since doing so is a simple substitution of one known element for another to obtain predictable results.

Art Unit: 1797

Regarding limitations recited in claims 7-12, 13, and 16-22 which are directed to a manner of operating disclosed measurement apparatus, it is noted that neither the manner of operating a disclosed device nor material or article worked upon further limit an apparatus claim. Said limitations do not differentiate apparatus claims from prior art. See MPEP § 2114 and 2115. Further, it has been held that process limitations do not have patentable weight in an apparatus claim. See Ex parte Thibault, 164 USPQ 666, 667 (Bd. App. 1969) that states "Expressions relating the apparatus to contents thereof and to an intended operation are of no significance in determining patentability of the apparatus claim."

Allowable Subject Matter

Claim 14 is allowed.

The following is a statement of reasons for the indication of allowable subject matter: Regarding claim 14, the prior art of record fails to teach or suggest a measurement method for use in ulcerative colitis diagnosis and prognosis testing involving the separation and analysis of short-chain fatty acids within a sample. Takamura et a. (Determination of the free fatty acid content in fats and oils by flow injection analysis with electrochemical detection) discloses a measurement method of analyzing free fatty acids, but fails to teach or suggest the step of separating the short-chain fatty acids or any application to ulcerative colitis diagnosis or prognosis.

Art Unit: 1797

Response to Arguments

 Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 7-12, 13, and 16-22 have been considered but are moot in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

The applicant has amended language to the measurement apparatus of independent claims 7, 8, and 13 regarding the solution mixing unit's particular structural features and mode of operation for consideration upon merits for patentability.

Conclusion

 Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL.
 See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

Art Unit: 1797

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to ROBERT EOM whose telephone number is (571)270-7075. The examiner can normally be reached on Mon.-Thur., 9:00am-5:00pm. EST.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Jill Warden can be reached on (571)272-1267. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

/Tony G Soohoo/ Primary Examiner, Art Unit 1797

/R. E./ Examiner, Art Unit 1797